



**PATIENT**

Elvis Brazelton

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Shih Tzu Mix

**SEX**

Male Intact

**AGE**

12 years

**WEIGHT**

13.4lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Maggie Machen  
 Lamy, DVM, DACVIM  
 (Cardiology)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jenna Walsh, CVT

**HOSPITAL NAME**

H & H Veterinary  
 Care

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Henery

**INVOICE**

26289

**DATE**

9/9/22

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Right-sided heart murmur. BP: 128mmHg. Assess prior to dental.

**ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS** \*Note: Single lead ECGs are evaluated as a rhythm strip. Morphology/MEA cannot be definitively commented on.

A single lead ECG is available; 50mm/s, 10mm/mV. The average heart rate is 120bpm (range 75-166bpm). The rhythm is sinus in origin, with a p for every QRS complex and vice versa. The P and QRS morphologies are positive. No ectopic beats, pauses or dysrhythmias observed.

ECG diagnosis: Normal sinus rhythm with respiratory variation.

**ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS**

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Mild diffuse thickening of mitral valve leaflets with no prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Trivial eccentric mitral regurgitation with no left atrial dilation. Normal LV diameter with adequate myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears mildly thickened with mild tricuspid regurgitation. Velocity consistent with early pulmonary hypertension. Normal right atrial and ventricular diameter and morphology. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal pulmonic and aortic outflow velocities with laminar flow. No obvious aortic or pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

**CARDIAC CHART**

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	NA	2.9	1.2	1.2	41	75	0.2
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	107	1.2	0.9	6.1	1.7	1.9	1.1
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
<b>BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS</b>				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)



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**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

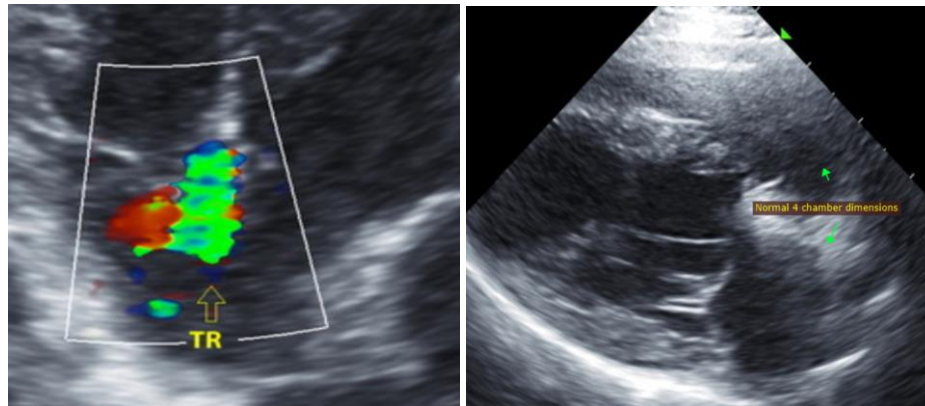
Chronic degenerative valve disease causing mild tricuspid and trivial mitral regurgitation. Lack of significant right atrial enlargement indicates the current risk for complication is low. Early pulmonary hypertension is noted, which is likely the cause of quantitatively greater TR than MR. This is of unknown significance in an asymptomatic dog. No additional issues are noted in this study. The ECG is unremarkable with a respiratory sinus arrhythmia.

In an asymptomatic dog without significant atrial enlargement or clinical signs, no cardiac medications are clearly indicated. PAH often develops secondary to chronic respiratory disease, and if a cough is noted this should be addressed as needed. Assessment of progression in the future will help predict long term prognosis, which is highly variable at this stage (B1). Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may be of some long-term benefit. Monitor for development of a cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes.

Anesthetic risk is considered mild if needed. Cardiac protective drug choices (opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol or alfaxalone induction, isoflurane gas) are recommended. Pre-oxygenate for 5-10 minutes prior to induction. Monitor for arrhythmias, hypotension, and hypoxia both intra and post-operatively and intervene as necessary. Mild IV fluid restriction is recommended to avoid fluid overload. Avoid heart rate stimulating drugs such as atropine unless clinically indicated.

Recommend conservative monitoring with a recheck echocardiogram in 6-12 months, sooner if any development of clinical signs.

**IMAGES**





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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM**  
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